4

shrub, It is abundant from the sea coast to an altitude of 2500 ft among the mountains, and is largely relied upon for bee food — making excellent honey. It is in blossom during June & July —

321 I am unable to tell you whether Monardella Breweri is an annual.

I will be very glad when your Flora of Cal. is published,

Euphorbia misera is quite abundant about the Granite Boundary Monument on the sea shore, some 15 miles from here,

Arctostaphylos bicolor is common among the mountains some 40 miles from here, I will send you more fruit, What I sent is from a shrub growing in town — wild —

I will also send more of Audibertia Clevelandii,

Clematis pauciflora grows in the valleys about town,

I hope to send the duplicate plants & a few new ones within ten days,

Very truly yours

D Cleveland

Doc, Frankenia — bel. to Frankeniaceae
& Fouquieria splendens, to Fouquieriaceae ½
Boundary v. 2 — Botany — ~ ; In Mex —

San Diego Cal July 16/75

Prof. Asa Gray
Cambridge Mass.

Dear Sir: Your letter of the 1st inst, accompanying the names of plants sent you has been received, for which I thank you very much, & am glad to learn that the lot contained so much of interest,

The fruit I sent as of Euphorbia misera 160 is not of that plant, I find on examination, and I am in doubt if it is of 296 Lycium Californicum, I send some of the leaves in this letter, when the plant blooms I will send flowers, — say in March next,

I will send you duplicates of
284 Monardella — ?,
293 Nemacaulis Nuttallii,
321 Sedum variegatum, n. sp. —
322 Photesma arenarium,
323 Microseris Lindleyi — of the others I have no duplicates at present

284 Monardella — ?, is abundant in the Mountains some 40 miles N. E. of San Diego,

288 Dicentra chrysantha, grows near Poway — in dry bed of streams, about 25 miles from here,

291 Pentstemon cordifolius grows in the mountains — N E of here, say 40 miles back —

I am not confident about securing ripe seeds, but will try,

294 Mesembryanthemum acinaciforme grows in the sand along the sea coast close to the water, I have never seen it growing elsewhere, I have no reason to suppose that it is anything but an indigenous growth, I find it 15 miles from Town, far away from any settlement, we have here also Mesembryanthemum Chrystallinum, which grows almost everywhere in saline soil, which I also suppose is indigenous, these two are all of this genus that I have seen,

296 Lycium Californicum grows in sandy places, and is abundant, I will secure more for you in the season, ~~spring~~ winter with fruit, it grows in town,

301 _ Lupinus albicaulis is quite abundant some 25 miles from Town in the County, - near Powai, & other places,

305 Cucurbita perennis, is very abundant here along the sandy beds of stream, some 10 miles & more from Town, as is Cucurbita digitata, It is now too late for the latter,

306 Penstemon Clevelandi - with the next (307) was brought to me from Cañon Tantillas in Lower California, about 25 miles below

the Boundary and 80 miles from San Diego, but I received only 2 specimens of each, one sent to you & the other retained, This Penstemon I judge from what is told me grows up about 4 ft high, has flowers of the prevailing color in the specimen sent you, blossoms in May & June, this specimen was obtained about June 30 1875, this Cañon is very difficult of access, I hope to secure you seeds later in the season, This plant grows at foot of lofty Mountains,

307 Same locality & time of flowering as 306,

308. Phacelia grandiflora is quite abundant near the Light House on Point Loma San Diego, I will get seeds if I can,

311 - Sedum variegatum, this grows in saline soil near False Bay about 7 miles from Town, among what is called Salt grass,

312 Photisma arenarium, grows about 15 miles from San Diego, at base of hills, on road to Powai, I can send you a good lot of it, Does this belong to Orobanchacea?

314 Asclepias eriocarpa grows in the mountains N.E. of San Diego, some 35 to 75 miles, where it is abundant,

315 Rhus laurina is one of our commonest